**Sustainable Development Goals (SDG)**

17: Partnerships:

Targets 12,13,14 and 15:

12: Average tariffs faced by developing countries, least developed countries and small island developing States.

* Realize timely implementation of duty-free and quota-free market access on a lasting basis for all least developed countries, consistent with World Trade Organization decisions, including by ensuring that preferential rules of origin applicable to imports from least developed countries are transparent and simple, and contribute to facilitating market access.

13: Are there mechanisms in place to enhance policy coherence of sustainable development.

* Macroeconomic Dashboard
* Current account surplus and deficit/GDP

14: Number of countries with mechanisms in place to enhance policy coherence of sustainable development.

* Enhance policy coherence for sustainable development
* Number of countries that have ratified and implemented relevant international instruments including environmental, human rights, and labour instruments.

15: Extent of use of country-owned results frameworks and planning tools by providers of development cooperation.

* Respect each country’s policy space and leadership to establish and implement policies for poverty eradication and sustainable development.
* Number of countries signing on for sharing of fiscal information

*Multi-stakeholder partnerships*

**Importance to Aruba:**

Target 12: Applying tariffs on certain items, decrease expanses for the island. This way, countries are more cautious about what is being imported and exported.

Target 13: Policy coherence and sustainable development allows the country to grow and flourish. It keeps orders in place.

Target 14: Number of countries is import to see the growth among different places. How well they’re doing amongst themselves. Questions can be asked like: Have they achieved any goals? Or Is there any progress compared to other years?

Target 15: Each country has different goals to be successful. All policies and leaders should be respected for what they do to make the county as best as possible.

**How do these relate to waste management in Aruba?**

Target 12 related to waste management because tariffs and quotas can be placed on certain items that are being over used. For example, tariffs can be placed on plastic. On a daily basis there is so much plastic being thrown away. All this plastic can be recycled and made into something more useful. If tariffs are added on the amount of plastic being wasted, the county and its citizens will take it more into consideration.

Target 13 relates to waste management because one way to attract tourists is the cleanliness of the county. Policies that work towards achieving cleanliness will allow growth within the island.

Target 14 relates to waste management because the more countries that implement policies, the more people from those countries will adapt and when traveling, they would not do something they don’t do in their own county.

Target 15 relates to waste management because each policy that has been put in place has been thought about thoroughly before it was implemented. Personally, I am unaware if there are policies put in place about waste management on Aruba but many including the government and the citizens take waste management into consideration.

**Is it being monitored on Aruba?**

According to <https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/partnership/search/?str=aruba+partnership+goals>, research is being done and monitored on certain topics. (These topics are not necessarily in Aruba and not relating to Partnerships.)

It wasn’t inquired directly, but the according to the CBS website, it doesn’t have much information on SDG’S (<http://cbs.aw/>)

**Resources:**

<http://sdgaruba.com/partnerships/>

<https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/sdg17>